## WASHINGTON.

Reported Pardon of Over One Hundred Texans Yesterday.

Probability of the Issue of Another Hundred Millions of National Currency.

An Investigation of the Late Indian Atrocities to be Instituted.

Acceptance of the Resignations of Generals Dix and Butler.

Bucouraging Reports from the Freedmen's Bureau Officers in the Southwest.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8, 1865. MINIBERS OF CONGRESS VISITING THE DEPART

The adjournment of Congress until Monday has given ers an opportunity of visiting the departwhich few appear to have omitted. The Comp troller of the Currency has been literally besieged. A banks, or the naming of some as depositories. Judging from the temper and inclination of those who have called at the Comptroller's Office, Congress will unillions additional national currency. The Comptroller is not understood to opposes this measure under suitable were retired, and all national banks in existence com-pelled to redeem their issues at the great commercia

RESIGNATIONS OF GENERAL OFFICERS. been accepted by the President, to take effect from the Sates annexed to each name:-Major General John A. Dix, United States Volunteers, November 30, 1965 Major General Benjam'n F. Butler, United States Volun-Piers, November 30, 1865; Brigadier General J. H. Ketchum, United States Volunteers, December 2, 1865; Brigadier General John T. Croxton, United States

PRISONERS CAPTURED DURING THE LATE WAR. The number of rebel prisoners captured and paroled by us during the war amounted, in round figures, to three hundred and twenty-nine thousand, of which one numdred and seventy-three thousand were taken during the ers captured by the rebels during the war is stated we been one hundred and fifty-seven thousand. This is make a difference of but one thousand in the whole number taken on both sides previous to the final ampaign which ended the war.

THE TROUBLES WITH THE INDIANS. well acquainted with the Indian country of the South-west to report to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for such special duty as the latter may deem expedient to the needs of the Department. It is understood that the ficer in question will proceed to Bluff creek, in Arkan cas, to ascertain the full cause and meaning of the late murderous attack made by a band of fifteen hundred Cheyennes and Arapahoes upon a mail coach on the Smoke Hill route on the 19th of November last.

A delegation composed of twelve Indians of the Choc taw and Chickasaw tribes are expected to arrive in Washington in a few days to settle claims with the government growing out of their respective treaties. Gov-ereor Pitchlyn, of the Choc: aw Nation, is now in the

Speaker Colfax is engaged upon the composition of the louse committees, and is very reticent. There is an unusual amount of speculation about their formation but nobody appears to have been deep enough in the

QUALIFICATIONS OF JURORS IN TREASON TRIALS. The bill introduced by Senator Doolittle on the first jurors, is for the purpose of relieving any difficulty that may occur in the prospective trials for treason. It provides that in all such trials no juror be rejected by reason of opinions previously formed or expressed as to the gu'lt of the accused which may have been founded upon ramors, statements in ne spapers, or the common faistory of the times; provided that the juror declare upon oath, and it appears to the satisfaction of the court, that he will impartially try the case upon the evidence deduced upon the trial.

An order emanating from the Adjutant General's office releases eleven of the prisoners confined at Fort Whipple Va., whither they were sent upon closing the Old Capit soon dispose of their cases. Military prisons and courts mart al are fast going out of date.

OPERATIONS OF THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU IN THE

Preedmen, &c., give encouraging accounts of the man ner in which the business of the Bureau is being carrie being provided for the sick freedmen, and a large num furnished and work supplied to great numbers of the idi and suffering. The number of those supported by the government is daily diminishing as the freedmen gradually fall into employment, and are thus converted from he idle consumers to producers.

PARDONS. It is said that the President to-day pardoned one hun-dred and eighteen Texans, all of the twenty thousand dellar class, and General De Witt, of Tennessee.

THE SECOND AUDITOR'S REPORT. ount of work performed in his office to be greater than settled is 110,774, embracing an expenditure of \$158,040,-205, of which \$14,047,599 has been paid to the heirs of deceased and to discharged soldiers; \$20,102,200 on ac-count of the Ordnance Department, \$7,988,836 on account of expenses of enrolment and draft, recruiting and col-lecting, drilling and organizing volunteers; \$90,004,847 on account of the Pay Department, \$3,231,449 on account of Indian Affairs, \$3,098,533 on account of the Medical and Hospital Department, \$101,921 for supplies, trans-portation and care of prisoners of war, \$311,016 on ac-count of contingencies of the army, and the balance on account of miscellaneous claims. There have been ex-amined and adjusted during the year 163,429 property accounts, 5,995 requisitions registered and posted, em bracing over \$425,000,000 for the payment of troops and war accounts, &c. ; 38,904 certificates from the pay rolls furnished to the Pay Department and Pension office. The number of claims and letters concerning them received briefed and registered is upwards of 170,000, and the

nous, and involving much time and labor, have been prepared and transmitted from the office. The repor closes with an earnest appeal that some action may be taken to afford more room and facilities for the proper disposition and arrangement of the vast accumulation of claims and accounts on hand and constantly increasing, for the want of which the office has suffered great em-

ment during the past four years. THE MILL TO REVIVE THE RANK OF GENERAL. The bill introduced by Mr. Washburne to revive the mark of General needed no explanation. Every one un-derstood it to be for the purpose of bestowing the honore and emohuments of the office upon Ligutemant General

Grant. Nor is it likely the bill will meet with any seriou opposition from any quarter; but if done, it should be quickly and gracefully done, without the delay and secret opposition that retarded the one creating the office of Lieutenant General. The action of Congress should nant General. The action of Congress should

DESERTERS PROM REGIMENTS IN SERVICE TO BE DISHONORABLY DISMISSED. In response to inquiries from Major General Pope the ments are still in service on the plains will be dishon orably discharged without pay or allowances.

PACIFIC BAILROAD. The Pacific Railroad Company, eastern division, are about to apply for the issue of additional bonds in payment for the construction of another twenty miles of the road. At \$16,000 per mile it amounts to \$320,000.

BUSINESS OF THE LAND OFFICE.
General Land Office to-day transmitted to th Public Land Office at Oregon City forty-nine land grants for claims growing out of ancient settlements in Oregon, the above award being made under the donative enactment of that State, which sets aside from the public domain some twenty-three thousand acres for the home-

Nearly six thousand five hundred acres public land were taken up under the Homestead law at Falls of St. Croix, Wisconsin, during the month of November. Cash sales to the amount of \$2,400 were made at Menasha, Wis., during the same month.

PATENT OFFICE EXAMINERS. Messrs, N. Crawford, J. T. Fales and T. C. Connolway. eretofore Assistant Examiners in the Patent Office, have been promoted to service on the principal Examin ng Board, composed of sixteen member

LADIES AND NATIONAL BANKS. Comptroller Clarke, of the Currency Bureau, has de-sided that ladies cannot act as directors of national banks, as the laws do not recognize them as citizens.

PROMOTION OF MAJOR FINLEY ANDERSON. Major Finley Anderson, Assistant Adjutant General on Major General Hancock's staff, has been brevetted Licus enant Colonel for meritorious services.

A question has arisen in the House in reference to the corps of official reporters, which attracts much interest and comment among the members. One of the most efficient and experienced reporters of the House has re-ceived notice from the publishers of the Globe that they have dropped his name from the roll of official reporters. No cause is assigned for this, and nothing but a mere pretext is set up. Many of the prominent members who have been consulted on the subject take the ground that it is an improper interference with the business of the House, inasmuch as the official capacity of the reporters has always been recognized in various ways, including direct appropriations in payment of their services. Ex-Speaker Banks, who is most familiar with the relations which the reporters bear to the House, takes the ground that in order to settle the question it is proposed to adopt resolution recognizing the reporters as official em ployes, and providing for their payment directly by the House. This course will probably be taken. Its effect will be not to injure the pecuniary interests of the Globe, but to secure the present efficient corps of reporters in

THE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS' NATIONAL CONVEN

and place of the meeting of the Soldiers and Sailors' Na-tional Convention. It will convene in the city of Washington on the fourth Monday of January. Further information may be obtained from L. Edwin Dudley, President of the Soldiers and Sailors' National Union League, Washington, D. C. The soldiers of every Congressional district, and every soldiers and sailors' organization are expected to send delegates.

LAWLESSNESS IN WASHINGTON. In consequence of the frequent outrages occurring in Washington, and the general want of suitable restriction upon lawlessness, it is probable that there will be important legislation in Congress with reference to a change in the municipal government. Many citizens favor the plan of revoking the city charter and placing its affairs entirely in the hands of Congress.

ASSAULT ON THE PROVOST MARSRAL. Yesterday, as the Provost Marshal of the Department as passing by the Treasury building, he was struck by a man who seemed to be somewhat under the influence of liquor. The provost guard arrested the individual, The man has been turned over to the civil authorities.

HELPING TO PAY THE NATIONAL DEBT. from a lady who presented it to him as her contribution

# NEWS FROM LOUISIANA.

Proceedings of the Legislature-Repu diation of Mesers. Hahn and Cutler as United States Senators-Indignation Against Governor Wells, &c.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 8, 1865. The Louisiana House of Representatives have passed the Senate resolution against the recognition of Mesers. Habn and Cutler as United States Senators from Loui-

A special committee of the House reported against the onstitution of 1864, and presented a bill for the calling

Governor Wells sent a message to the Legislature that he would be inaugurated at three o'clock; but he falled to make his appearance at the appointed time on the plea of indisposition. His course created much indig-nation, as he fixed no other day for the inauguration.

Senator, and the other Senator will probably be elected The receipts of cotton were falling off at Shreve The Garette says that preparations are being made for planting cotton, so that a good crop may be raised next

The parish of St. Johns, Louisians, will yield twelve hundred hogsbeads of sugar this year.

The price of land in the interior of Louisiana is look

The steamer Mississippi, from New York, has arrived.
Passengers who left New York on the 30th ult. arrived

here this morning via Mobile. Perils of Skating-Siz Persons Drowned Charles Shaw, his wife and only child were drown

while skating on Pleasant Pond in Oroville, to-day.

Three sons of Mr. Bunker, of Franklin, were drowned on Thursday in a pond while skating. The river at this place is closed with ice, and naviga

Affairs in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8, 1865. Business of all kinds has been very quiet, the only excitement being the report on 'Change to-day that several wheat operators have been forced to suspend

payment.

Thankegiving Day passed off very quietly, except with the fire fiend, who held high carnival yesterday and last night. About one o'clock yesterday the new Free Will Baptist church was totally destroyed, only about one hour after it had been dedicated. There were several other fires during the day; but the most extensive one hour after three o'clock this morning, by which happened about three o'clock this morning, by which five houses—from 249 to 257 South Clark street—were onsumed, and about twenty families rendered house loss, most of them losing their entire furniture, and caus-ing a loss of about sixty thousand dollars.

The Florences are drawing larger houses than ever in

The case of Judge Higgins against the Chicago Times, for libel, was given to the jury this morning.

The Feniaus are to have a grand ball this evening, Pire at McGregor, Iowa.

McGazcon, Iowa, Dec. 8, 1865.

A fire this morning consumed the Pent office, McGregor House, Mczart Hall and some wooden buildings on

the opposite side of the street. Loss estimates

#### SUICIDES.

Suicide by Taking Laudanum.

An impediment in his speech one of the Causes
which impelled him to commit suicids—a
Lady in the Case—Touching Letter,

Coroner Collin yesterday held an inquest at the hou of William Brett, No. 75 Market street, on the body of of William Brett, No. 75 Market street, on the body of Alfred Frederick Keenan, who committed suicide by taking landanum. Doceased, who was a man of temperate and steady habits, had been in the employ of Mr. Brett, a tailor, for the last four years. He had an impediment in his speech to such an extent that it prevented him from mingling in society. On Monday he took twenty dollars and started out in pursuit of a doctor who had advertised in some of the daily papers ar nouncing his ability to cure stammering. Reenan did not find the doctor, and returned disheartened and low spirited. Besides this infirmity deceased was devotedly attached to a young lady; but, judging from a letter written just before his death, the attachment was not fully reciprocated. On Wednesday night Keenan rettred to his room and swallowed a dose of handaum, after which he stretched himself on a bench, in preference to lying on a bed, and the following morning he was found dead. Deputy Goroner Thomas Robinson, M. D., made a postmorten examination on the body, and found a quantity of tincture of opium in the stomach. In the Doctry opinion this caused death, and the jury rendered a verdict to that effect. Below will be found a copy of a letter written by deceased and addressed to Wm. Brett, 75 Market street;—

Market street:

Bella, Bella, Bella—Goodby, goodby. Oh, think of me when you pray at might—me. the poor suicide, that had only one hope or wish in this poor world, and that wish was to see you happy. Oh, Bella, Bella, my last dying wish is that you will marry somebody far better than I am; but, oh, Bella, you will not forget me. Perhaps when you lie down at night and think of those that are dear to you, you will not forget me. Perhaps when you lie down at night and think of those that are dear to you, you will not forget me, for oh, Bella, I loved you; and if it is permitted that the spirits of those departed my watch over two welfare of dear ones in this world. I will watch over you, and perfape we may noset in the better and purer lifetinal is to come. I wish you do keep the gloves and the ring that you will find in this for my sake, and when you are happy in some other man's love, oh breathe a pitying prayer for the poor, miserable suicide, whose only wish, whose only dying thought was of your happiness; so farewell, a long, a last farewell, the only wish I can express is, that you will press one loring lies on my brow when I am dead: no cold worldly kies, but a kies of sympathy for one who loved you. Goodby. May all the blessed angels watch over and guard you. FRED.
Oh, if I could only kies you before I die.

Perhaps what few ciothes I have may pay for burying me, if not pileh me out into the street and let me be buried as I have lived, like a dog; but never forget that for four years you have had an English genileman living In your house.

FRED.

See that the note to Bella is delivered at once, for if it is not it will not be imaginary creaky boots that will be heard on the landing Deceased was twenty-two years of age and a native of England.

A Young Girl Accused of Theft Commits

Suicide in Hoboken. an girl, seventeen years of age, named Katrins Borke, died at an early hour yesterday morning at the house of her stepmother, No. 126 Meadow street, Hobo-ken, from the effects of arseniate of copper (Paris green), taken by her on Wednesday, for the purpose of self-destruction. Deceased was employed in Mrs. Myer's millinery store, in Newark street, and boarded at her house, No. 106 Bloomfield street. On Wednesday morning last Mrs. Mena Cammessal missed five dollars from the pocket of her dress, which was in a room on the second floor, and finding Katrina in the room charged er with having taken it, which she stoutly denied, and Mrs. Cammessal threatened to have her arrested. The girl went into the back yard, and a few minutes afterunder some oilcloth in the water closet. Mrs. C. then ordered the girl to leave the house, which she did, ordered the girl to leave the house, which she did, but returned again in a couple of hours and begged Mrs. C. to allow her to remain, saying that she had no tather or mother and no home, and that her brother-in-law misused her. Mrs. C. refused to allow her to remain, when she took a tumbler and going into the back basement drew some water, and (as subsequently appears) swallowed a quantity of arseniate of copper, and then left the house and proceeded to that of her stepmother, and was taken violently ill, which resulted in her death about one o'clock yesterday morning.

Coronar Avery summoned a jury and held an inquest yesterday afternoon, when the following evidence was taken:—

yesterday afternoon, when the following evidence was taken:—
Dr. Lewis Stein, being sworn, testified—I am a practising physician, and live in Hoboken; I was acquainted with deceased, and was called to attend her on Wednoeday evening last at half-past four o'clock; deceased was then younging and very weak; I asked her what was the matter, and she said she had been taking some poison; she said she took it at nine o'clock in the morning, and that she took it on account of having been charged with theft; I gave her an emetic and she vomited a great deat of green stuff; she told me that she had taken some Paris green; Paris green is deadly in its effects taken inwardly; about six P. M. I called again and gave her the white of eggs and some sugar water; was there on Thursday five or six times; gave her an antidote in the morning; about half-past eleven P. M. Mr. Kane came and told me she was in the last agonies of death, and I did not go again; she suffered a a great deal of pain and breathed very hard. Dr. Schabert testified—I made a post mortem examination on the body of Katrina Borke to-day; the stomach presented the appearance of effects usually produced by poison; the intestines contained antidote prescribed by

cents' worth; dot not see anything wrong about her; it is customary to sell that article to any one; they would sell five pounds to a child at any paint store in New York.

To a Juror—It was ordinary paint; she asked me if it was poison, and I told her it was, and would kill any one who swallowed it.

Mena Cammessal tostified—I reside at No. 108 Bloomfield street, and knew deceased, she was employed in Mrs. Myers' store, in Newark street, and alept at the house No. 108 Bloomfield street; on Toesday evening she complained of a beadache, and Mrs. Myers told her she had better go home; she left, and when we went home, at nine o'clock, she appeared quite lively; on Wednesday morning she came down as usual and helped to dress the children; I heard some one walking in the parlor overhead, and went up and found her near my dress, which was lying on the sofa; asked her what business he had there; she replied that she saw the door open and went in; saw that my dress had been turned over, and on looking in the pocket found that the strap of my wallet had been broken and five dollars (part of the money) had been taken out; I charged her or the servant girl with having taken it, and threatened to have them arrosted; soon after she went into the water closes, and after coming out the servant girl went in to empty some slops, and, noticing the olicoht turned up, found the bill there; I then ordered deceased to go up stairs, get her clothes and leave the house; she took a tumbler and went into the back basement and drank something, and on coming back said, "I've swallowed it;" I said, "If you have swallowed anything wrong it is your own fault;" she then wont out, and returning in about two hours requested to see me; she asked me to keep her, as she had no home, no father or mother, and that her brother-in-law had always been very ugly to her; I told her I could not have a dishonest person in the house; that she had better look for a boarding house, and Mrs. Myers would probably give her work to pay her board; I did not see he

CAIRO, Dec. 8, 1865. Daniel L. Gibbons, of Boston, Treasury Agent at Mo ile, committed suicide by cutting his throat on the 2d

Warrencon Navy Yard.
On the Istanst, we noticed the death of William Conway, the sailor who refused to lower the United States way, the sailor who refused to lower the United States flag on the occasion of the seisure of Warrenton Navy Yard by the rebels. It was stated that he had refused at the orders of Lieutenant F. B. Renebaw. Mr. Renebaw has called at the Henanto office to deny this assertion, and to submit three several affacivit to show that he is a much abused man. One of these positively states that the flag was lowered by William Comway and that Benehaw was nowhere near the flagsted at the time. Another affiliarit states that Renahaw gave the order to had down the flag, and expressed regres at doing so. This statement is rande by a fellow rebel, who takes eccasion to may a good word for himself. We give My. Renahaw's aversion at the awar summent value.

The Lowering of the American Flag at

## THE REBEL COTTON LOAN.

More About the Southern Sympathizers in Great Britain.

FULL LIST OF THE ENGLISH SUBSCRIBERS

Who Paid the Calls and Received Interest and Who Did Not.

SKETCHES OF SOME OF THE SUBSCRIBERS.

Some doubts having been expressed as to the authen-sleity of the list previously published of some of the subcribers to the rebel loan in England, a more complete ist is given below of the bondholders borne on the rebel ooks at the payment of the last interest, about Novemper, 1864. This list also shows whether that payment of

nterest was received or not by each individual The bonds vary in amount from \$250 to \$1,000 each. It is reported that about £800,000 in excess of the original three millions were surreptitiously placed on the London market by the rebel agents.

It will be recollected that Delane, of the London Times, and others denied that they were subscribers to this loan.

The denial may be accounted for by the fact, as the list shows, that they did not receive the last payment of in-terest; or their names may have been entered to secure their influence without calling upon them for subscrip-

Names. A Amber, C A	diamen if ann	Ponds	can pay c
Amilian C A	Landon.	Donar.	Vinnald.
Amoer, C A	ondon	10	. Unpaid.
Aylmer, G. G., Sr	London	0	. Paid.
Ainslie, H. F. Col. Acomb, J. Acomb, J. Acomb, J. Alcoyed, C. Alcock, H. Major Anson, J. W. H., Sir. Ashley, W. Hon. Aukroyd, E. Amour, M. J. Allen, J. Ashley, E., Hon. Beaumont, G. H., Sir. Bignold, G., Sir. Brook, W. H. C., Sir. Boyd, Laird & Co. Bledder, G. P. Benson, A.	London	3	.Paid.
Acomb, J	nobdon	2	.Paid.
Akoyed, C	Halifax	10	. Unpaid.
Alcock, H. Major	Wilton Castl	e 12	Unpaid.
Anson, J. W. H., Sir	London	5	.Unpaid.
Ashley, W., Hon	London	10	.Unpaid.
Ankroyd E	London	15	Unneid
Amour M I	London		Paid
Allon T	Manchastas		Dald
Anhlen P Hon	Madettened.		Land
Ashley, E., Hoh	London	10	. Unpaid.
Beaumont, G. H., Sir.	London	10	. Capaid.
Bignoid, G., Fir	Norwich	10	. Paid.
Brook, W. H. C., Sir	l.ondon	5	. Paid.
Boyd, Laird & Co	Glasgow	10	Unpaid.
Bidder, G. P	London	3	. Paid.
Benson, A	Manchester.	5	.Paid.
Baines, F	Halitax	20	. Paid.
Bunch, R	Con. Charles	ton 100	. Unpaid.
Bainbridge, R. M. P.	London	6.	Paid
Buckley J W	London	50	Unnaid
Rath Maronis of	London	900	Paid
Davington I	Crost Pawis	mlm 5	Dold.
Dwaldon V		8 4 9	Faud.
Buckley, V	London	200	. Unpaid.
Bigoie, J. B	ondon	1400	. Unpaid.
Bennett, E. H	ndon	50	. Paid.
Boaumont, G. H., Sir. Biguold, G., Sir. Brook, W. H. C., Sir. Boyd, Laird & Co. Bidder, G. P. Benson, A. Baines, F. Bounch, R. Bainbridge, R., M. P. Buckley, J. W. Bath, Marquis of Brasington, J. Buckley, J. W. Bigbie, J. S. Bonnett, E. H. Bristoce, J. T., (M. P). Bulton, G. Bushby, R. S. Brown, A. C. Bristone, J. T., (M. P). Bulton, G. Brenner & Till. Bridson, Major. Boxter, W. E., (M. P.) Campbell, Lord. Cochrane, Hon. W. E. Caird, J. (M. P.) Crossley, J. Coventry, E. Grawford, H. N. M. P. Campbell, Lord. Cockline, R. N. M. P. Campbell, B. Coventry, P. Curry, P. Curry, P. Curry, P. Carty, P. Cartyfich, Major. Cartweight, Major. Cartweight, Major.	London	10	. Paid.
Buiton, G	nobdon	··· b	. Paid.
Bushby, R. S	Manchester	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Paid.
Brown, A. C	London	7	Paid.
Brenner & Till	London	20	.Unpaid
Bridson, Major	Manchester.	b	.Unnaid.
Boxter W. E. (M. P.)	London	12	Unpaid
Campbell T & C	London	1500	Unpaid
Collie A & Co	London	200	Patri.
Campbell Land	London	10	Deld
Cashana Han W P		****	A mid.
Cocarane, non. w. E.		10	Paid.
Gard, J. (M. F.)	***	11	Unpaid.
Crossley, J	Halifax	10	Paid.
Cobville, Lord	London	b	Paid.
Cecil, Lord E	London	13	Unpaid.
Crawford, R. N. (M. P.	) London	12	Unpaid.
Campbell, D	London	30.	Paid.
Coventry, By and	London	10	Paid.
Cunard, J	Liverpool	9	Unpaid.
Curry, P. W.	Liverpool	5	Unpaid
Cheales Roy A	London	3	Paid
Cook & Holdway	London	10	Unnesd
Thanman D. W	London	. 8	Pald
Tubitt G OF P	Landon		Ummald
Cenwood I V	Concilla Har	ane 200	L'apaid.
Campbell O	London	30	. Cupaid.
Crawford, J. V. Campbell, G. Cadman, Capt. W. G. Cartwright, Major. Callender, W. R. Clark, J. H.	London	10	Unpaid.
adman, capt. w. G.	London	0	Unpaid.
artwinging major	London	***	.Paid.
allender, W. R	Manchester .	10	. Paid.
Jark, J. M		4	Paid.
Collie, J	London	60	.Unpaid.
ampbell, D. T	London	600	.Unpaid.
Crespigney, DeSir C. W.	C. London	10	.Paid
Cecil, Lord R	London	15	.Unpaid.
Campbell, G	Bermuda	50	.Paid.
Cartweight, Major Callender, W. R. Clark, J. H. Clark, J. H. Clark, J. H. Clark, J. H. Clark, J. Clark, C. C. C. C. C. Clark, C.	London	25.	.Paid.
Curtis. S. B. H	London	5	Paid.
copull, T. N.	London	8	.Paid.
Craig. J.	London	6	.Paid.
Duranty, A. & Co.	Liverpool	150	.Unpaid.
Day, J	London	2	.Paid.
Duncombe, Hon. A. (M.	P \London	10	Unreal
Immediaha Han W C.	MONEY LUTTHAN II		Unpaid.
Duncombe, Hon. W. G.	London	-	The same
P.)	London	12	Unpaid.
Pancer, Str J. B	ondob		.Paid.
lodge, T	london	10.,,	Unpaid.
Drinville, Rev. C. C	London	15	.Paid.
De there's accession		100 march 100 ma	Paid.
	London		
De Saul, J. T	London	100	. Unpaid.
Dobson, W	Preston	10	Paid.
Do la Rue, W	London	15.	Paid.
Donoughmore, Earl of De Saul, J. T. Dobson, W. Do la Rue, W. Evelyn, Col. G. B. Eardley, Sir E. Bart. Eliton, Sir A. H. Bart. Eliton, Sir A. H. Bart. Elitor, C. H. Forster, Rev. Sir C. H. Firmin, P. H. Korbes, W. N. Eerme & Co.	. London	6.	Unpald
Eardley, Sir K., Bart	London	10.	Unpaid
Elton, Sir A. H. Bart	. London	WW. TENEDS	Uppoid
Ebrev. C. H.	York	6	Paid
Cornter Rev Sir C H	London		Paid
Piendin P H	London		Pald
Corbon W N	London		Paid
Forbes, W. N Fermo & Co PitzWilliamHon.C.(M.)	Livermont	200	Honeld.
			.Unpaid.
FitzWilliamHon.C.(M.) Fuller, H Ford, F	.,Loudon	10	. Cupaid.
College Management	London		. Paid.
ord, F	Manchester	10,	.Paid.
Fain, Lady G	London	130	. Paid.
Ford, F. Fain, Lady G. Fieetwood, P. W. Fitzhardinge, Earl of (P.	London	120	. Paid.
Fitzuardinge, Earl of (P.	Collondon	50	.Unpaid.
correster, Hon. Col. G.	Sell and and lost		
W		150	.Paid.

ser, G. ser, Son & Co. nie, W. J. uerdon, J. R.

Jordon, W. E. A. Capt.
Jrumoson, C. L.
Jregory, W. H., M. P.
Jrosvenor, R. Lord
Jilliatt, J. S.
Jilliatt, J. S

Malcomson & Co. Liverpoo Morgan Brothers Loudon. Middleton, G. N. B., Sir. London. Marshall, R. (M. P.) Loudon. Macdonough, L. (M. P.) Lendon. Maxe. Captain. London. Nield, J.
Ninmetz, J.
Ord, W. G. H.
Oliphant, W. N.
Oxley, J. S.
Oliphant, L.
Patterson, J. V. Patterson, J. V. London,
Palmer, H. P. F. London,
Pencocke, G. E. (M. P.). London,
Pollock, J. Sir. London Ridout, J.
Rayner, T.
Rose, W. N. (Alderman).
Rutter, J.
Rothschild, N. De.
Ramsey, G., Sur.
Richardson, J. S., Sir.
Robinson, Sir G. S.
Robinson, Sir J. S.
Robinson, Sir J. S.
Stomeor, E.
Stomeor, E.
Stomeor, E. Stomger, E. Seymour, G. E. Smith, E. H. Spence, J......Liverposturt, Lieut. Col. S. N...London Street, G. E..... Scholefield, W. (M. P.).. Verner, Capt. F. J. London.
Withens, D. D. Bordeaux.
Witt, J. G. London.
Woolf, J. E. London.
Woolf, J. E. London.
Whateley, G. London.
Wilson, J. London.
Wilson, J. London.
Wright, R. London.
Wright, R. London.
Wright, R. London.
Wood, Capt. W. (R. N.) London.
White, E. London.
White, E. London.
William, Hon. P. S. London.
Windham, Hon. P. S. London.
Windham, Hon. P. S. London.
Wharneiffle, Lord. Sheffleld.
Williams, T. P. (M. P.) London.
Woodward, S. P. British Museum
Wolker, P. Consulate.
Wrigley, T. Bury. Walker, P. Consulate Charleston...
Wrigley, T. Bury London.
Withams, Rev. J. London.
Whyte, Cel. J. J. Sligo. Whiteworth & Co. Manchester ... Wookook, W. Manchester ... Wookook, W. Manchester ... Wookook ... London ... London ... Williams, P. Lendon ... Whateley, J. W. London ... Ward, W. H. B. Reed ... London ... Yates, J. T. (R. N.) Yoenians, E. & Co. London ... Young, W. G. London ... Annexed are personal sketches of some of the rebe bondholders whose names appear on the official rebe Hon W Achley A brother of the Earl of Shaftesbury and an officer under the Lord Chamberlain

Namer.
Lincsey, Rev. D. Shaffier.
Leend, Major. Blackburn.
La Fouche, Col. Marty, Dublin.
Master. Col. W. C. Bristol.
Modfat, J. London.
Modfat, J. J. F. H. London.
Glasgow.

McLeith, J. Glasgow.
Macauley, A. J. London.
Moore, Rev. J. W. London.
Merewether, H. M. (Q.C.), London.
Magel, J. London.
Meyman, C. Bordeaux
Mackintosh, W. F. London.
Malcomson & Co. Livernoof

lists as entitled to interest at the last payment in or E. Akroyd-A woollen manufacturer at Halifax, in

Hon. Evelyn Ashley-A son of the Earl of Shaftesbury, and private secretary of Lord Palmerston.

George P. Bidder—A civil engineer, but better known

Robert Bunch, late British Consul at Charleston; later H. M.'s Consul General at Havana, and now Minister to

rebels at Charleston that his dismissal was demanded by the United States, but her Majesty's government refused R. Bainbridge, M. P .- This name is no doubt fictitions There is no such name on the Parliamentary list.

Victor Buckley.-This man is a clerk in that depar ment of the Foreign Office through which passed all cor-respondence with and about the United States.

Marquis of Bath, a young and wealthy peer, who en-

tertained the rebel emissary Mason frequently at his seat, Longleat, in Wilts. S. Begbie, extensively engaged in blockade break ing. At first he boasted of his success, but finally wound

up in the Court of Bankruptcy.

W. E. Baxter, M. P.—This is Coubtless a false entry Mr. Baxter has always been a friend of the United State Isaac Campbell & Co., rebel agents and blockade run

A. Collie & Co., engaged in blockade running. As they acted principally as agents for Hupper, and took only small risks themselves, they are supposed to have made

always been a decided robel partisan, and their mouth-piece in the House of Lords. J. Caird, M. P.—This gentleman has always been faith

ful to the United States. His name could not have been placed on the list with his knowledge.

placed on the list with his knowledge.

Lord Eustace Cecil, second son of the Marquis of Salisbury, Member of Parliament for South Essex.

R. W. Crawford, Member of Parliament for London.

J. Cunard, one of the family of the well known steamship owners.

D. W. Chapman, once of the firm of Overend, Gurney & Co. He was deeply compromised by the Cole transactions, and retired from the firm.

John Vincent Crawford, was British Acting Consul General at Havana from June 6, 1862 to October 7, 1863.

He was notoriously a rebel partisan. His office was a rebel rendexyous, and the rebel despatches from Europe were frequently sent in duplicate to him. He sent them to Adderley, at Bermuda, or to Lantle, Ball & Co., at St. Thomas.

Thomas.

Lord Robert Cecil, M. P., now Viscount Cranbourne, elis for Stamford, is a violent opponent of the United

States,
G. Campbell, Bernuda, a rebel agent.
J. Day, London, the famous lithographic printer.
John T. Delane, editor of the London Times.
Warren de la Rue, a London stationer, always a warm
rebel sympathizer. Supplied large quantities of paper
and printing material to the Richmond authorities. Is
President of the Royal Astronomical Society.
Sir Eardley Eardley, Bart, married a Miss Magee, of
New Orlean, in 1859—a bankrupt.
C. H. Elley, Recorder of the city of York.
Earl of Fitzhardings, one of her Hajesty's Privy Councillors.

Right Hon. George Cenil Weld Forester, M. P., and Privy Connectior.

A. B. & T. B. Forward, blockade breakers, owners of the Adels.

Licutenant Colonel A. Freemantic, author of a work on the South during the war.

Sir J. Forguson, E. P., always picting with Mesors.

Gregory, Lindsay and others for the recognition o the C. L. Gunnieson, a gentleman of influence on the Los-

C. L. Gunnieson, a gentleman of influence on the London papers.

W. H. Gregory, M. P. for Galway, the first declared rebel champion in the House of Commons.

J. S. Ginatt and others of that name.—These persons once had extensive dealings with Richmond in tobacon, They acrod as rebel bankers, and are supposed to have money in their hands to the credit of the defunct rebel government. One of them is a director of the Bank of England.

W. E. Gladstone—No such person known; must be the Right Honorable W. E. Gladstone.

R. Halm, rebel Consult at Havana, once United States Consult there. He and John Vincent Crawford acted together.

S. P. Horsfall, M. P. for Lawrench at the Consult of the Research.

together.

S. P. Horsfall, M. P. for Liverpool; his constituents are well represented so far as their rebel sympathies are concurred.

one-med.

J. Hopkins, once connected with the Atlas, was for some time employed by Hotze in the office of the Index.

Huth & Co., merchants, Leudon—They claimed the bar silver stolen by the Orcto or Florida from the and brought to Liverpool in the Eagle in August, 1863.

J. Ireland, the proprictor of a Manchester paper or connected with an influential journat there.

W. S. Lindsay, M. P., a well known rebel partisan.

John Laird, M. P., the builder of the pirate "290" and of the favours from rams.

John Laird, M. P., the builder of the pirate "290" and of the famous iron rams.

A. J. Macauley, son of President Buchanan's second Consul at Manchester.

Lawrence Oliphant, now Member of Parliament for the Stirling burgan, was a contributor to the Osel, and wrote an abusive book once on the United States, entitled "Minnesota and the Far West."

G. A. Peacock, an extremel philter enemy of the United States, Member of Parliament for Malden, in Essex.

Sir Frederick Policek, Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer and a Privy Councilior; decided the case

Sir Frederick Policek, Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer and a Privy Councilior; decided the case of the Alexandra. Re was a subscriber for the Indica nearly the whole period of its publication, and his name was on the subscribers' book as one who pand for it at the office. When it is remembered that in Enricald sentlemen aimost invariably get their newspapers from newsmen, this sobscription will be better understood. F. Rodewald, formerly a bank president in New Orleans; a naturalized citizen of the United States. Wm. Anderson Rose, M. P. for Southampton, was for a time Lord Mayor of London, and in that capacity entertained the robel kinister Mason at the Mancion Hosse. John Arthur Roelsock, M. P., for Sheffield—The courtly language invariably used by this gentleman when speaking of the American people, and his self-assumed mission to Louis Napeleon in order to induce him to interfere in the war against us, are well remembered. D. Salomons, M. P., once Lord Mayor of London. S. Etingisay.

G. E. Seymour, a stock broker and part owner of the London Daily News.

James Spence, the "S" of the London Times and paid rebel financial agent in England.

George Augustus Sala, the special correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph in the United States in 1863 and

London Daily Telegraph in the United States in 1863 and 1864.

Sinclair, Hamilton & Co., shipping agents for the rebels in London. They sent out the No. 290 at Terceira.

G. A. Spottswood, the Queen's printer. His firm printed the Index, Mr. Beresford Hope having introduced Mr. Hotze to them for the purpose of inducing them to do the work. They never put their names to the paper.

Mr. Scholefield, M. P. for Birmingham.

Rev. F. M. Tremiett, a British subject, was once curate of the Church of the Advent in Boston, Mass.

F. G. Witt, of No. 5 King's Bench, Walk Temple, was a contributor to the Index.

Right Hon. James Whiteside, M. P., was Attorney General for Ireland under Lord berby in 1858 and 1859, and was very, liberal in his denunciations of the United States in the House of Commons during the war.

Pinckney Walker, British Acting Consul at Charleston, S. C. He has resided there since 1840.

T. Migley, in Lancashire, supplies the lines with paper.

## THE BRITISH PROVINCES.

MONTREAL, Dec. 6, 1865.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE, The annual Message of the President of the United States is so important on this continent that, even in

Canada, it comes by telegraph. To-day the leading papers of this city publish the Mes sage in full. No Message has been more engerly read here than this one; for men expected to see in it significant words in regard to our interests, and the relations of the United States with the mother country.

The opinion of the people of Canada of the Message is that it is able on the question of finance, and that it is diffuse, without being definite, on the three points of policy towards Mexico and France and Great Britain. The Message, it is thought, is framed with great care in regard to expressions of policy, and is very well written. On the entire, the policy of the United States is regarded as pacific; and the people of Canada have good hopes of living in peace for the coming year of 1866.

THE DAVIS FAMILY are living in this city, and in poor circumstances. It onsists of Mrs. Howell, Miss Howell and "Willy" Davis. Margaret Davis is at the Sacred Heart Convent, and young Jeff. Davis is at the college at Lenoxville.

The family, while living on Richmond square, in this showed great respect to the family of their chief, and are described as gentlemanly men. &c.

Owing to the sudden fall to nothing of the rebel paper money the family found themselves five thousand collars less in funds than they expected to be, and were in consequence very much stratened in means—so much so that they had to leave a house where the charge for living was small, to go into another one where it was still smaller all.

till smaller.

Mrs. Howell is a fine old woman of sixty four years of Mrs. Howell is a line old woman of saxty four years of age, tall and stately. Mas Howell is a fine, tall young woman, quite Southern in look, &c. She is rather tall to look well.

Master William Davis is a fine boy of four years or more of age. He looks a little like his father, the nose promising to be aquillac. His forchead is a very good

one.

Of Miss Margaret Davis and Master Jefferson very little is seen in this city. They are both described as fine children, the girl being nine years of age and the boy about seven, the latter resembling his father in

bey about seven, the latter resembling his father in some features.

As may be imagined, the family are very warm on the matters of the late rebel cause. The young lady is particularly so; and the two boys, with boyish boldness, speak very freely, and now and then indulge in little ebullitions of anger, saying what they would do if they were men, &c. In regard to this, "Willy" one day placed a row of apples on a table, and with a violent sweep of his hand sent them all rolling on the floor, shouting at the same time, "That's the way I would make the Yankees fly"

All the family attend the Episcopal church, going to the cathedral (the fashionable church here).

# NEWS FROM TEXAS.

Habeas Corpus Case in Texas-The Writ Respected by General Gregory.

The Telegraph of the 1st instant reports the arrest by General Gregory of M. Elmore, late a colonel in the army, on the charge of using dogs to catch a nego and falsely imprisoning him. The plea of Colonel Elmoro is that the dogs were used to track an unknown thief, who vas released upon giving heavy bail. A writ of babeas corpus was served on Gene

Gregory, who respected it, but asked an extension until January 15 to answer to it, so that he might receive intructions from Washington in regard to the matter. ion, there are twelve thousand bales of cotton on hand

and about twenty thousand more to come in. Responsibility of the City Government for the Condition of the Streets.

Before Judge Mullen and a Jury. Wm. P. Tafnure vs. the Corporation of New Fork.—An action for damages was brought by the plaintiff against the city authorities for injuries to his carriage and horses by running into a cavity in Ninth street, on the 5th of last December. The damages claimed amounted to \$409 48. The complaint set forth that the accident

\$400 48. The complaint set forth that the accident which caused the less was wholly owing to the carlessness of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the city.

In defence it was denied that the city authorities are responsible for the negligence of their employes to keep the streets at all times in all places in perfect repair, and that they had not been properly notified of the defect complained of in Ninth street.

The Court instructed the jury, from the evidence presented in the case, to find a verdict for the plaintid in the full amount claimed, which was accordingly returned by them.

FOUND DROWNED.—Coroner Kersten, of Jorsey City, held an inquest yesterday afternoon on the body of a man who fell overboard and was drowned at the Long Dock, on Monday evening. Deceased was apparently an emigrant, about thirty years of age. A verdict of found drowned was rendered.

ANOTHER RELIGIORAL ACCIDENT.—A train on the Peeria Pekin and Jacksonville road was thrown from the track on Sainrday last. Several were badly bruised and burned. The baggage car was burned, together with the mails and express packages.—Concinned Guestie. Drs. 6